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*Kenſington, Jan.* 6. The Addreſs which follows was preſented to His Majeſty by the Hon. *John Granville* Eſq; and *James Buller* Eſq; the Repreſentatives in Parliament of the County of *Cornwal*, and divers other Gentlemen of the ſaid County.

*To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.*

The humble Addreſs of the Landlords, Bounders, Adventurers, and Miners, within the County of *Cornwal*.

May it pleaſe Your Majeſty,

WE *Your Majeſty's loyal Subjects, the Landlords, Bounders, Adventurers, and Miners, of the County of* Cornwal, *cannot without juſt Reſentments reflect on the late Proceedings of the* French *King, in ſetting up (as far as in him lies) another Title to the Imperial Crown of* England, *thereby offering at the higheſt of Affronts to Your Majeſty, as well as the greateſt of Impoſitions on Your People, not without Indignity to himſelf, being in Breach of that Faith which ought inviolably to be preſerved by Princes.*

*We therefore think our ſelves obliged on this occaſion, in Duty to Your Majeſty and our Country, unanimouſly and ſolemnly to declare, That we will (to the Hazard of all that is dear to us) ſtand by and ſupport Your Majeſty's Perſon and Government againſt all Your Enemies, in Preſervation of our happy Conſtitution in Church and State.*

*Sir, Though no Part of Your Majeſty's Dominions is more ſenſible of War in general, or ſuch in particular, as we have juſt reaſon to apprehend, we are one and all reſolved cheerfully to undergo any Hardſhips, (greater if poſſible than thoſe, many of us in the late War were reduced to) rather than admit of any Foreign Power or Religion.*

The following Addreſs from the Borough of *Grampound* was preſented to His Majeſty by *Francis Scobell* Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament.

*To the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.*

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Magiſtrates, Capital and Free Burgeſſes, of Your Majeſty's ancient Borough of *Grampound* in the County of *Cornwal*.

May it pleaſe Your Majeſty

AS *we cannot (Great Sir) but acknowledge the Goodneſs of Almighty GOD, in giving us ſuch a Defender of our Religion, our Laws and Liberties, for the Preſervation of which Your Majeſty hath ſo often with ſo good Succeſs expoſed Your Royal Perſon; ſo 'tis with our utmoſt Indignation we reſent that higheſt of Affronts to Your Majeſty with no leſs Impoſition on Your People in the* French *King, in declaring the pretended Prince of* Wales *King of* England, Scotland, *and* Ireland; *a Proceeding as Unjuſt in it ſelf, and Diſhonourable in him, being contrary to that Faith which hath ever been held moſt Sacred among good Princes: Therefore, according to our Allegiance, we are unanimouſly reſolved with Heart and Hand to join with the reſt of Your loyal Subjects, in exerting the utmoſt of our Abilities in Defence of Your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, which GOD long continue, with the Preſervation of our happy Conſtitution in Church and State.*

The following Addreſs from the County of *Cardigan* was preſented to His Majeſty by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of *Carbery*.

*To the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.*

The humble Addreſs of Deputy-Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Officers of the Militia, Clergy, and other Gentlemen and Freeholders within the County of *Cardigan*; And the Mayors, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of the Towns and Liberties of *Cardigan* and *Aberyſtwyth*.

May it pleaſe Your moſt Excellent Majeſty,

WE *Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, being deeply ſenſible of the many and great Things Your Majeſty hath done for this Nation, and that the Happineſs and Proſperity thereof doth (under GOD) entirely depend on the Safety of Your Royal Perſon and Government; And having a juſt Abhorrence of the Proceedings of the* French *King, in Owning and Proclaiming the Pretended Prince of* Wales *King of* England, Scotland, *and* Ireland, *do, with all the Submiſſion and Humility due to the greateſt and beſt of Kings, beg Leave to aſſure Your Majeſty, That we will always be ready with our Lives and Fortunes to maintain and defend Your Majeſty in Your undoubted Right and Title to the Imperial Crowns of theſe Your Majeſty's Realms, againſt all Pretenders and Invaders whatſoever.*

*In Teſtimony whereof, we do hereunto ſubſcribe the 27th day of* November, *in the Thirteenth Year of Your Majeſty's moſt Happy Reign, which we pray GOD long to continue over us, Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and moſt obedient Subjects and Servants.*

All which Addreſſes His Majeſty received very Graciouſly.

*Belgrade, Dec.* 9. *N. S.* Sir *Robert Sutton*, Ambaſſador from His Majeſty of *Great Britain* to the *Ottoman* Port, parted from *Peter Waradin* the 4th Inſtant, being attended by a Guard of 80 Fuſiliers; The next day he was received a little beyond the Gates of *Salankemen* by an Aga at the Head of 250 Spahi's; The 6th, his Excellency was met at *Semlin* by a Chiahia, who, after having ſplendidly entertained him in that place, conducted him to *Belgrade*, where the Seraskier ſent to Compliment him. The 7th, his Excellency made his Publick Entry here in the manner following; Firſt marched ſome Companies of Janizaries; then the Ambaſſador's Footmen, being 14 in number; his Excellency's Gentleman of the Horſe and 4 Pages on Horſeback, a Gentleman carrying the Banner of *England*; 18 Gentlemen on Horſeback; and then came the Ambaſſador himſelf, accompanied by ſeveral *Turks*. He made a Viſit to the Seraskier, and when he was returned to his Houſe, his Retinue were preſented with Caftans. This day his Excellency took his Leave of the Seraskier, intending to proceed to morrow by Water towards *Ruſſick*.

*Rome, Dec.* 17. The Duke of *Eſcalona*, Vice-Roy of *Sicily*, is made Vice-Roy of *Naples* in the room of the Duke of *Medina Celi*, who has obtained Leave to quit that Government; and Cardinal *Giudice* is appointed to govern in *Sicily* till another Vice-Roy is appointed; He waited this week upon the Pope to acquaint him therewith, and to take his Leave; but the Pope not having yet determined the Affair of the Inveſtiture of *Naples* and *Sicily*, did not think fit to take any notice of this Notification, or to compliment the Cardinal upon this new Employment. Two Galleys are come from *Naples* to *Civita Vecchia*, to carry the Cardinal and his Retinue to *Sicily*. The Pope has appointed a Congregation, to enquire into the Complaints made againſt the Jeſuits as to their Behaviour in *China*, and he has nominated Signior *Turnone* to go thither as his Legate, with Power to inſpect into their Conduct, notwithſtanding any Bulls granted them by former Popes to exempt them from the Viſitation of their Legates. The Pope has appointed Signior *Bonacorſe* to be his Nuncio at *Florence*, and Signior *Patrizii* to reſide with the ſame Character at *Naples*.

*Milan, Decemb.* 17. Great Taxes are laid upon this Country to maintain the *French* Forces. The *Neapolitan* Regiment of Foot of Don *Antonio di Franciſca*, which lay in this City, is ordered to the *Cremoneze* to reinforce the *French* Army, which are much inferior in number to the *Germans*, and have therefore been obliged to abandon all the Poſts they were poſſeſſed of in the *Mantuan*, except *Goito* and the City of *Mantua*, which Places the *Germans* have blocked up. The *Germans* have ſent part of their Forces into the *Modeneze*, which Country having hitherto been free from the Forces of either Party, furniſhes the Imperialiſts very plentifully with all manner of Proviſions and other Neceſſaries.

*From Prince Eugene's Head Quarters at San Benedetto, Decemb.* 26. The 19th Inſtant we received an Account, That the Enemy continued poſted along the River Lenza, and about Berſello, and that they had publiſhed an Order in the Countries of Modena and Parma, forbidding the Inhabitants to ſupply the German Troops with any Hay or Forage; and one of our Parties took a Trooper that went about diſperſing this Order. Our Bridge of Boats on the Po was carried up from St. Nicolo to Borgoforte. The ſeveral Regiments continued to march to the Quarters aſſigned them. The 21ſt, the Regiment of Dragoons of Serini, and ſome other Troops, poſted over the Po; and Prince Eugene with ſeveral other General Officers came from Borgoforte to San Benedetto; We had Advice, that the Body of French Forces who lie in the Parmeſan expected a Reinforcement with ſeveral Pieces of Cannon. Prince Eugene having writ a Letter to the Princeſs of Mirandola, to preſs her to put that Place into the hands of the Imperial Troops, he received an Account on the 22d, That ſhe had cauſed the Inhabitants to take Arms to ſecure the French Garriſon, whereupon Adjutant-General Count Altheim was ordered immediately to march thither, with the Regiment of Guttenſteyn which lay at Concordia. An Account came this night, that the Body of French Forces commanded by Monſieur Albergotti had paſſed the Lenza, and taking their March towards Crodolo were advanced within a ſhort Mile of our Guard at Gualtieri; That upon this Major-General Count Daun who commands at Guaſtalla, ſent out a Party to get Intelligence, and ſent Orders to the Regiments that lay neareſt at hand to be in a readineſs to march; But the Enemy turned back and marched towards Caſtelnovo. The 23d, a Lieutenant came over to us from Mantua, and gave an Account, that the Garriſon there began to be reduced to ſome ſtreights, and that Count Teſſe was in great want of Money to ſubſiſt them. We received Advice from Adjutant-General Count Altheim, that he was arrived at Mirandola, where he found the French Garriſon ſecur'd and diſarm'd by the Inhabitants, and that they deſired leave to retire to Mantua, and to carry with them their Proviſions and Ammunition; Upon which Orders were ſent him to acquaint the Princeſs of Mirandola in Prince Eugene's Name, that his Highneſs had conſented to give them a ſafe Conduct, upon this condition, that they would march out without making any Oppoſition, but ſeeing they waited till they were forced thereto, his Highneſs was free from his Promiſe, and might in Juſtice retain the ſaid Garriſon as Priſoners of War; However in reſpect to the Princeſs he was willing to let them go; Count Altheim was alſo directed to tell Colonel Citardie the French Commander, That if he did not acquieſce very freely, he and all his Men ſhould be made Priſoners of War, and that he muſt not expect leave to retire to Mantua, or to carry out any Proviſions or Ammunition, or any thing beſides every Man his private Bagage. We had an Account, that the [illegible] were come to the ſame Poſts where they were before. This afternoon the Prince Della Macchia, and Count Nicola Caſtiglione, two Neopolitan Noblemen concerned in the late Riſing at Naples, arrived here; and Prince Tiberio Caraffa came to one of the German Quarters at Campidelio. The 24th in the evening, Count Altheim returned hither and gave an Account, that he had quarrered the Regiment of Guttenſteyn in the Town of Mirandola, and had ſent out the French Garriſon conſiſting of a Major, about 30 Commiſſion Officers, and 376 other Officers and common Soldiers under a Guard, who were to convoy them to the Borders of the Modeneſe. The Germans found in the Place 4690 Sacks of Meal, 25 Sacks of Wheat, 180 Tun of Rice, 333 Barrels of Powder, 200 Bullets, 97 Hand-Granadoes, 8000 Flints, between 20 and 30 Bales of Match, and about 900 Shovels, Axes, and other Inſtruments for building Fortifications, and Bedding for 600 Men, all belonging